The future of urban agriculture from a social and metabolic perspective

The second Edible City Network Conference 17/03/2023

https://urbag.eu/









Integrated System
Analysis of
Urban Vegetation
and Agriculture

Objectives of the workshop



To present a comprehensive vision of the current urban agriculture challenges and opportunities, by considering both social and environmental perspectives, while employing the Metropolitan Area of Barcelona as case study



To discuss and weight how relevant are the urban agriculture impacts observed in the Metropolitan Area of Barcelona.



Agenda

11:40	Start-up business for the implementation of urban agriculture (Verónica Arcas/Tectum Garden & ICTA-UAB)
11:48	Social perspective of urban agriculture: drivers and obstacles (Johannes Langemeyer/ICTA-UAB)
11:54	Metabolic perspective of urban agriculture (Gara Villalba/ICTA-UAB)
12:01	Potential of nutrient recovery from the organic municipal solid waste (Juan Arosemena/ICTA-UAB)
12:10	Q&A
12:20	Urban agriculture in the AMB: potential changes in vulnerabilities (David A. Camacho/ICTA-UAB)
12:30	Participatory exercise IIDD A Content Integrated Analysis of Analy

Tectum Garden:

the development of a start up business for the implementation of urban agriculture











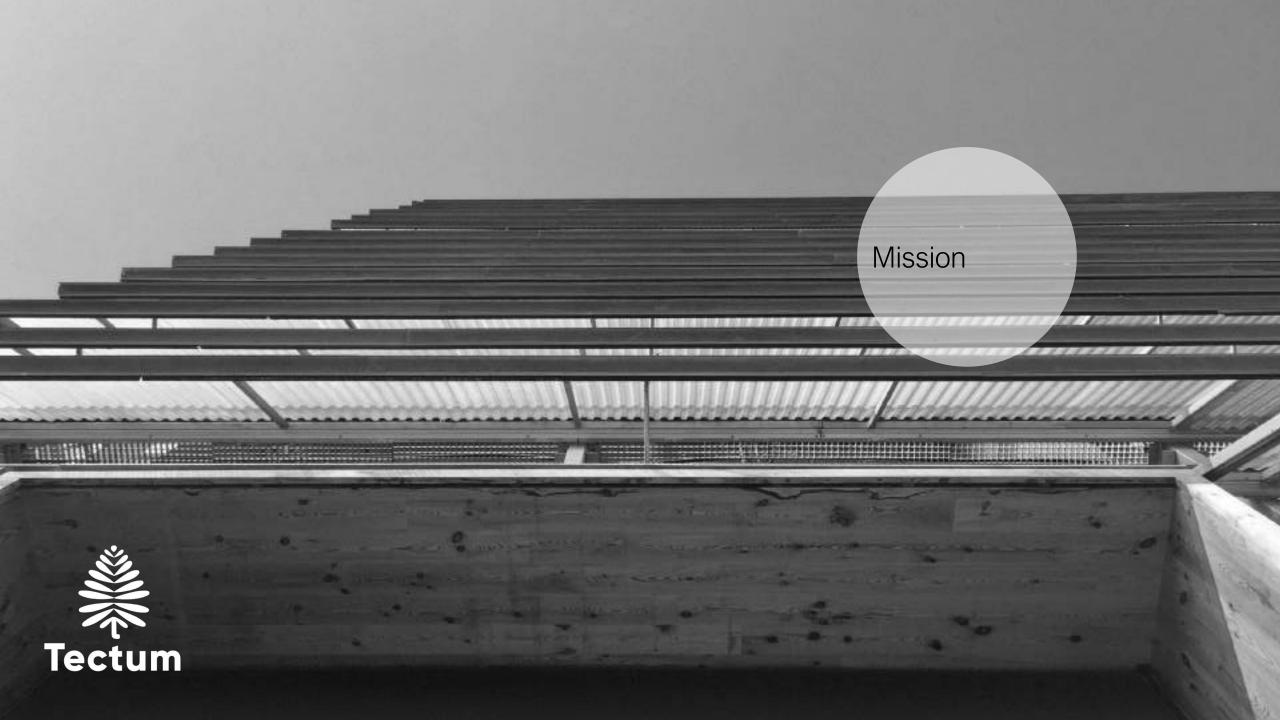
spin-off UAB

Tectum garden

UAB icta

sostenipra

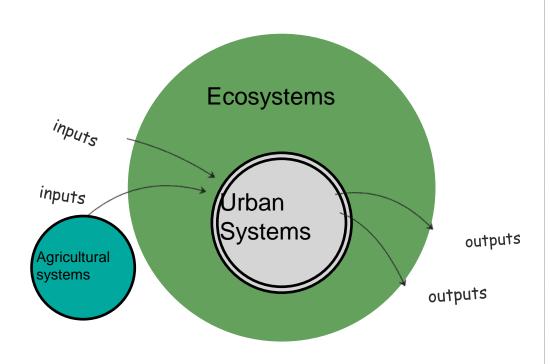






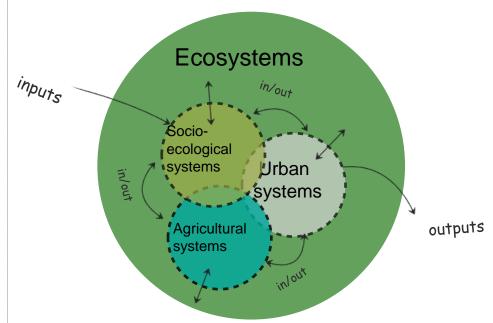
Tool to improve the circularity of resources and sustainability in cities.

Agriculture and technology meet society.



Convencional systems

ISOLATED



Integrated systems

PHYSIC AND DINAMIC CONNECTIVITY



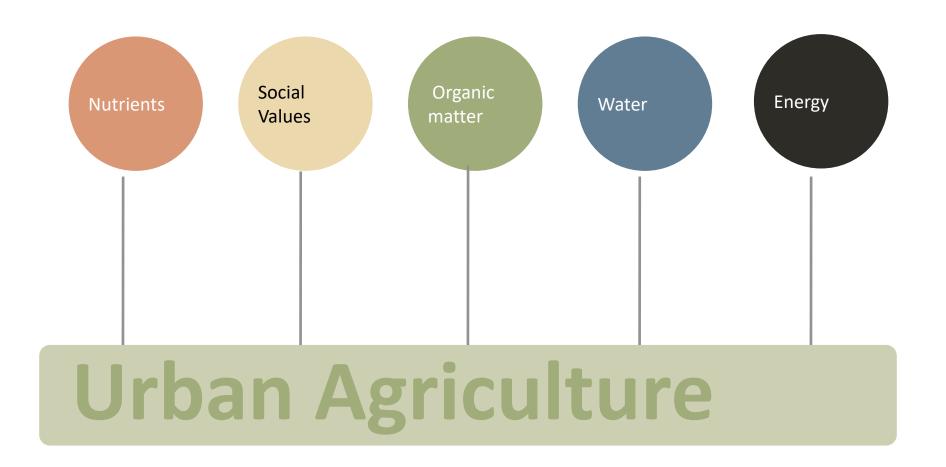
→ Not only production oriented benefits

→ Tools to transform dense cities

→ Gives urban landscapes a wide range of functions

Multiple social and ecological benefits



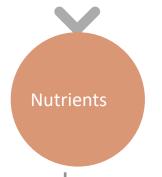
















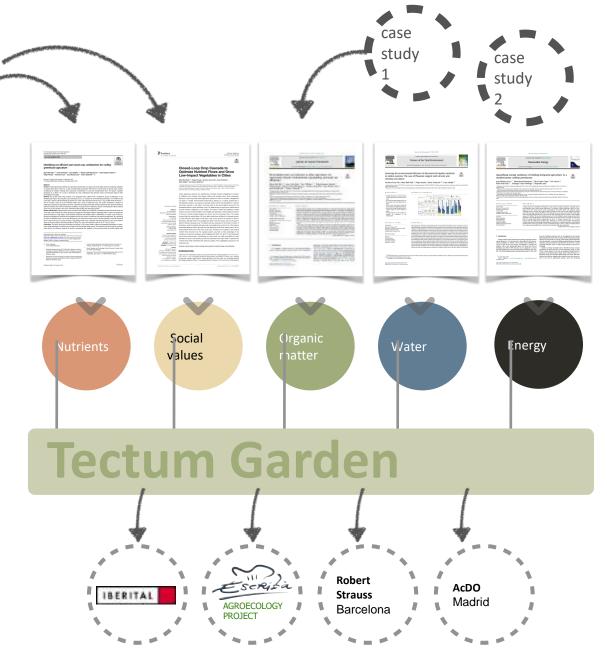




Urban Agriculture



Case study: Rooftop greenhouse ICTA-UAB Building

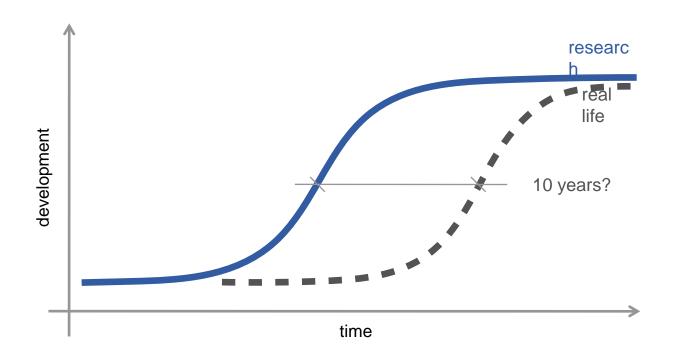








A timescale problem



- Research is prospective = important to continue feeding it
- Time gap = transition towards sustainable urban models
- Contradictions with global changes



IMPD, Barcelona Urban Agriculture maintenance project, with the Institute of Disabled People of the Barcelona City Council





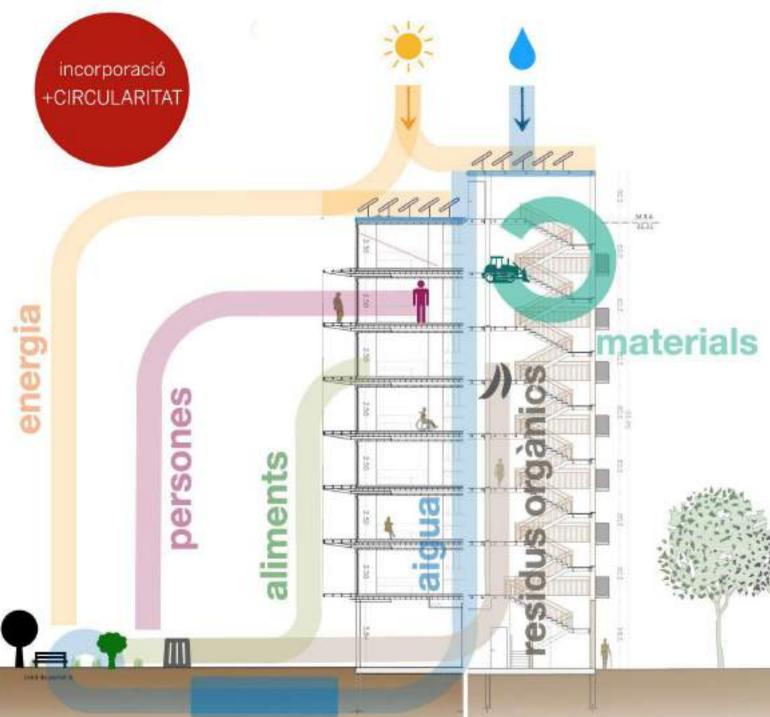
IMPD-Glòries, Barcelona
IMPD and BARCELONA COUNCIL
ARCHITECTURE,
social Urban Agriculture project for the use
of rainwater and food production
with studio9am

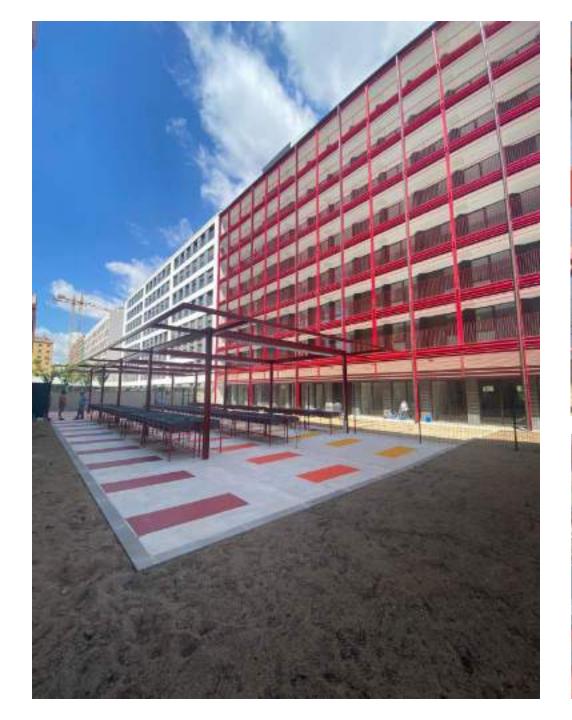






















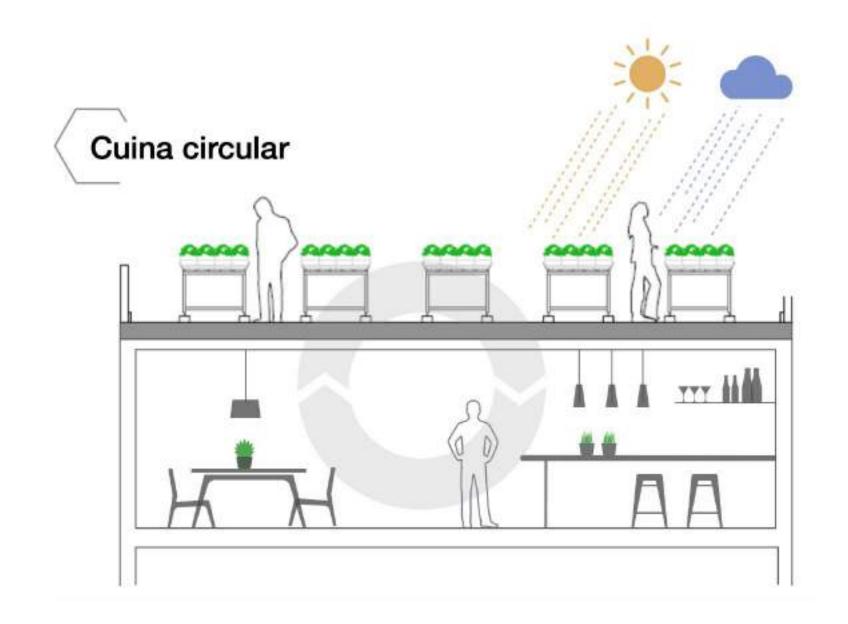




Escribà Restaurante, Girona Restoration Project









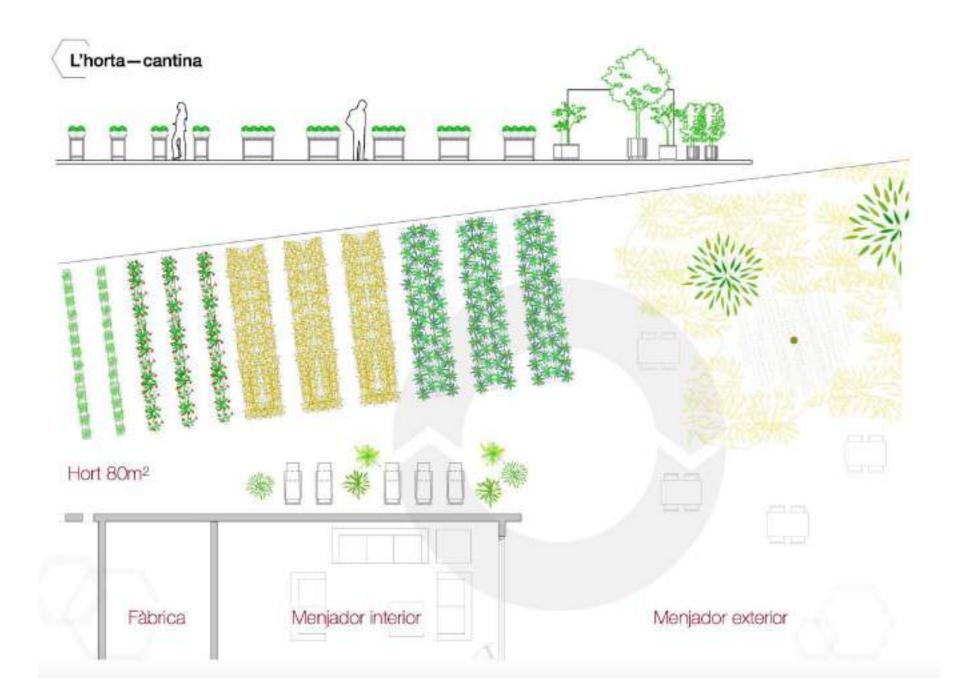




IBERITAL, Barcelona ELECTRICAL SECTOR COMPANY, AU canteen project for workers











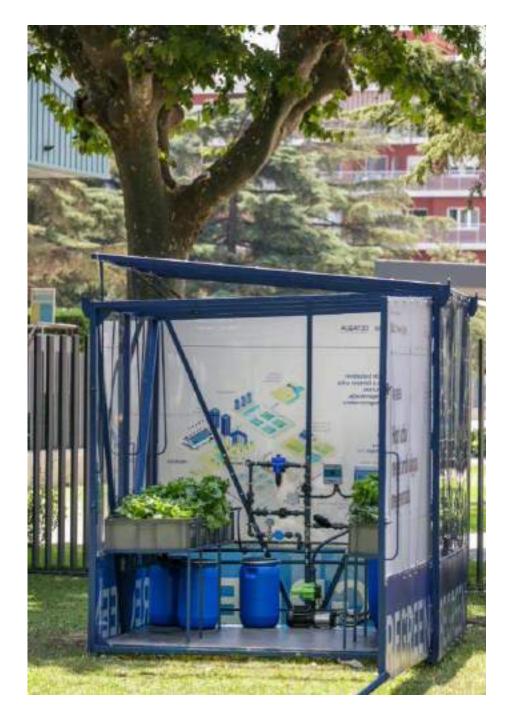




Módulo REGREEN, CETAQUA VEOLIA Urban Agriculture demonstration greenhouse project using regenerated wastewater











Proyecto Mueble kettal, Urban Agriculture indoor furniture project. with Kettal and Studio9am



kettal







kettal

Proyecto SIRAH Smart irrigation Project with the research group Sostenipra













Smart irrigation prototypes









Proyecto ACdO ACDO DESIGN COMPANY Mosaic roof project using water, energy and food with Studio9am, ACdO









© 9am Studio / Tectum Garden / Álvaro Catalán de Ocón





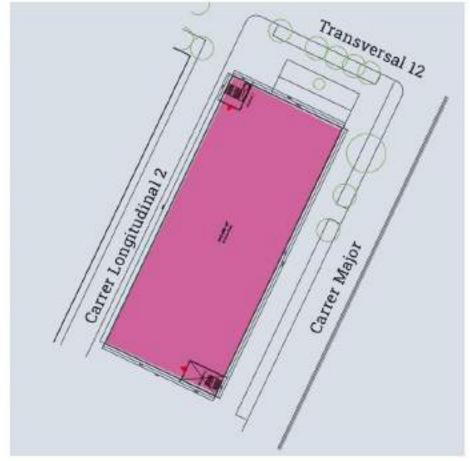
© 9am Studio / Tectum Garden / Álvaro Catalán de Ocón

Proyecto Mercabarna,
MERCABARNA FOOD LOGISTICS COMPANY.
Energy mosaic roof project, intensive food
production in open air and greenhouse
with Studio9am











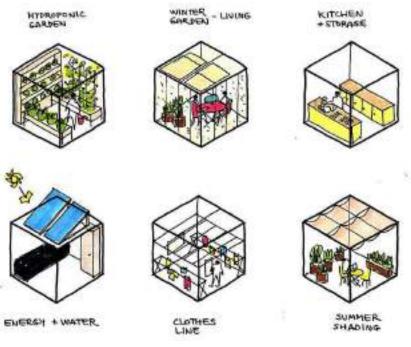
Proyecto Bithabitat,
BARCELONA CITY COUNCIL
COMPETITION

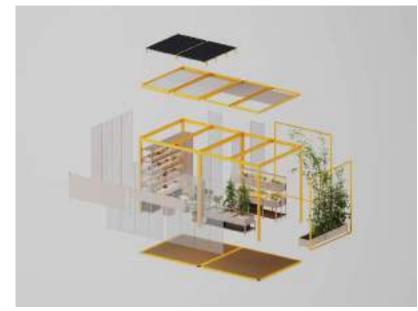
Multifunctional greenhouse module Project with Studio9am, Serenovables and kettal.



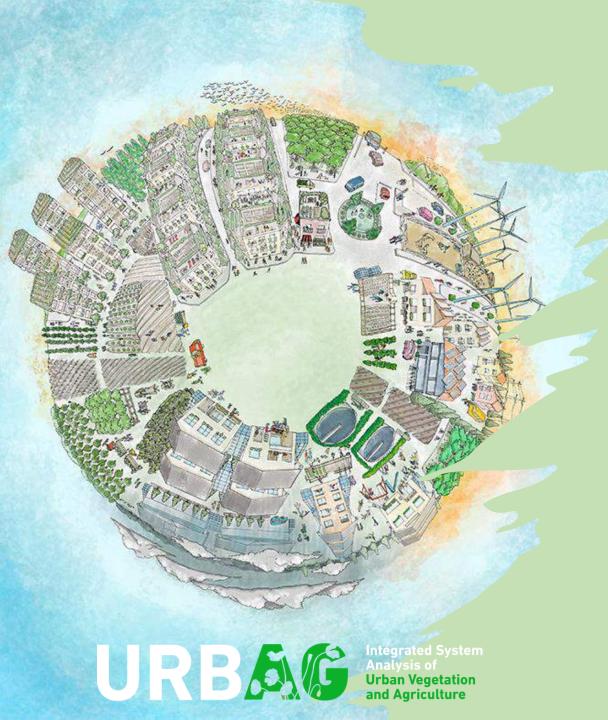
kettal















Spatial-temporal Dynamics and Leverage Points of Agricultural Transitions

The case of the Metropolitan Area of Barcelona

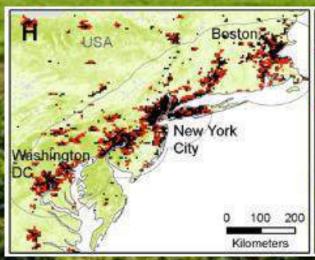
The Edible Cities Network Conference 2023

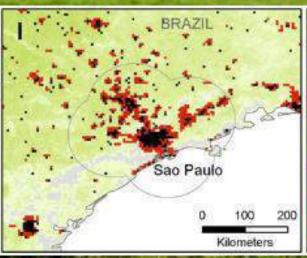
Johannes Langemeyer 17 March 2023

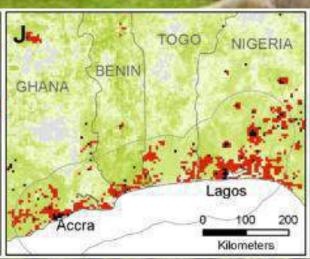
Johannes.Langemeyer@uab.cat https://urbag.eu/

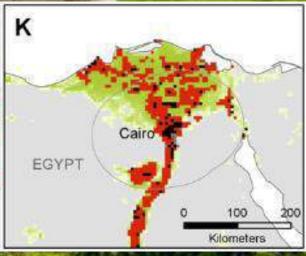






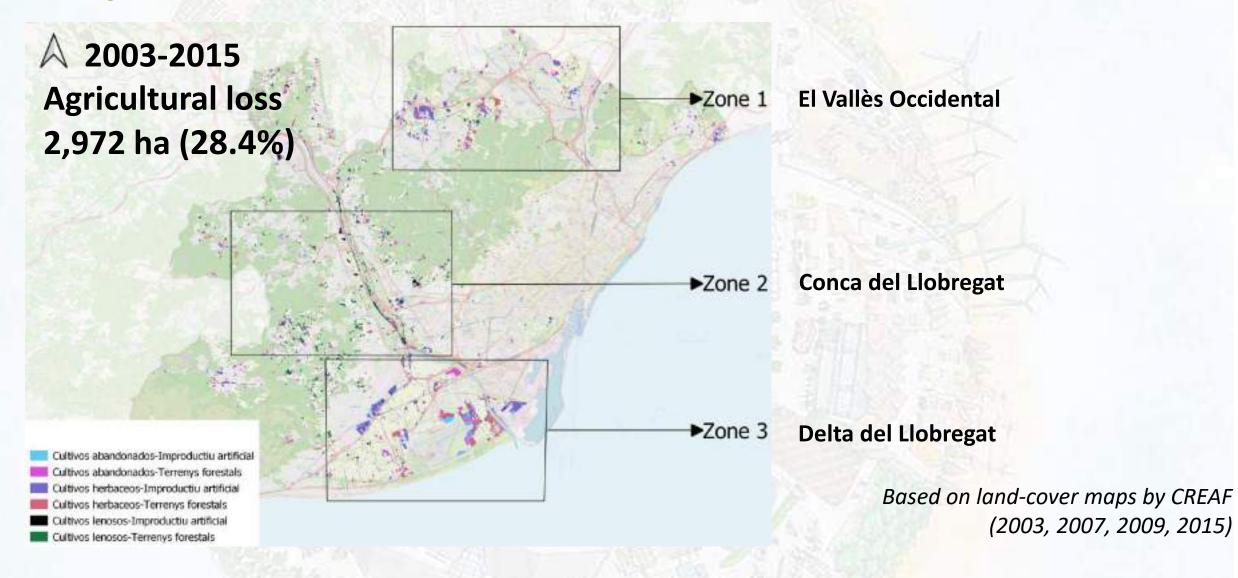




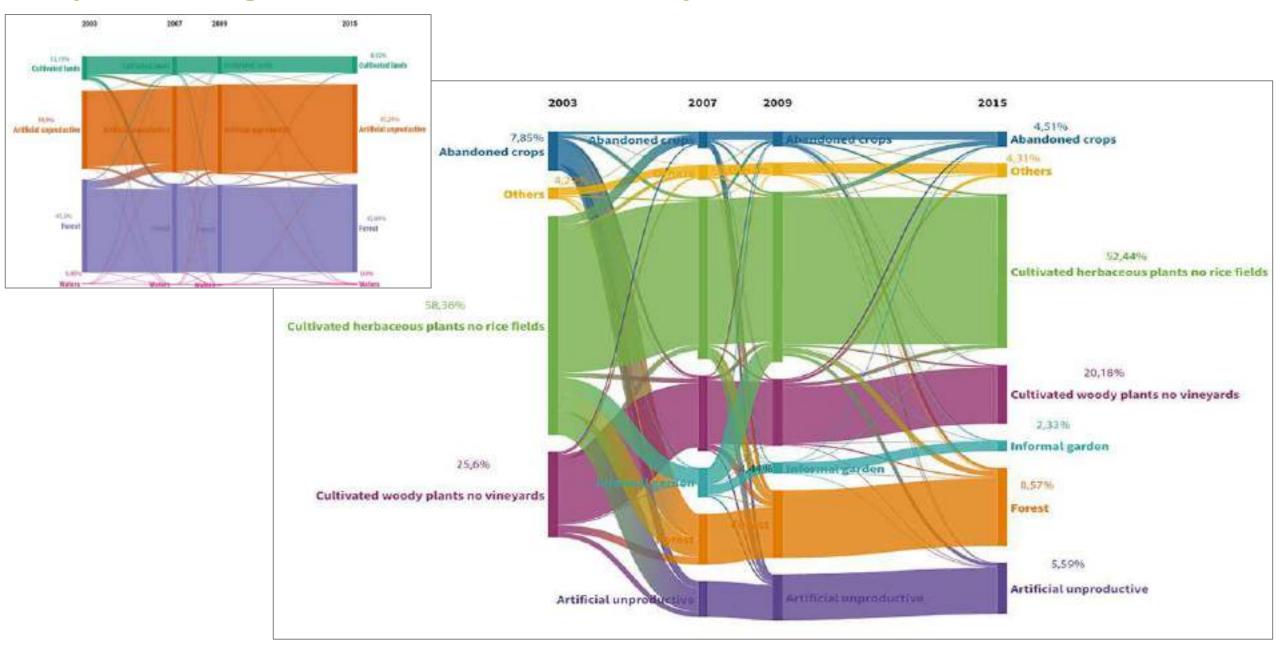


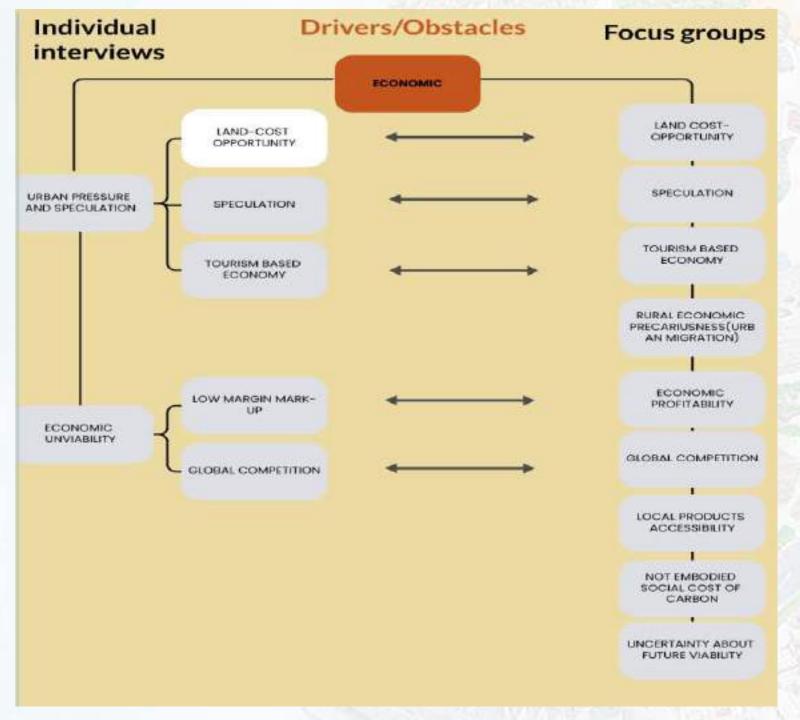


Metropolitan Area of Barcelona



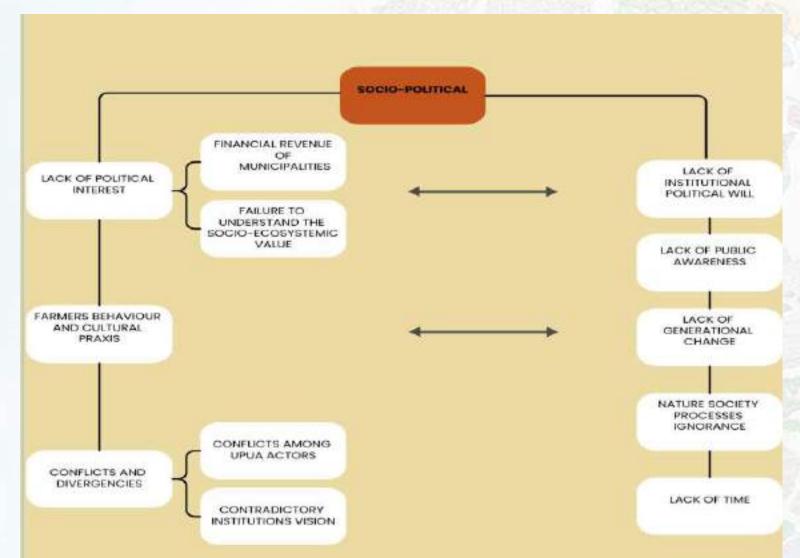
Superficie agrícola en el Area Metropolitana de Barcelona





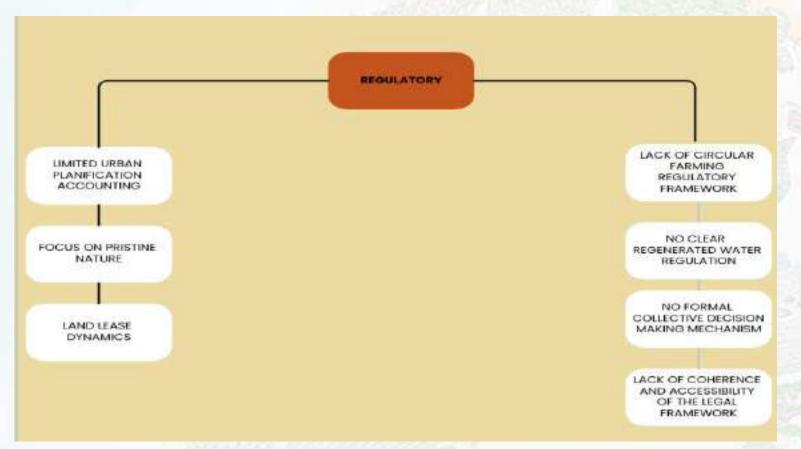
Economic drivers and obstacles

- Low economic profitability (esp. fruit trees)
- Urban pressure and speculation
- Economic uncertainties hinder investments



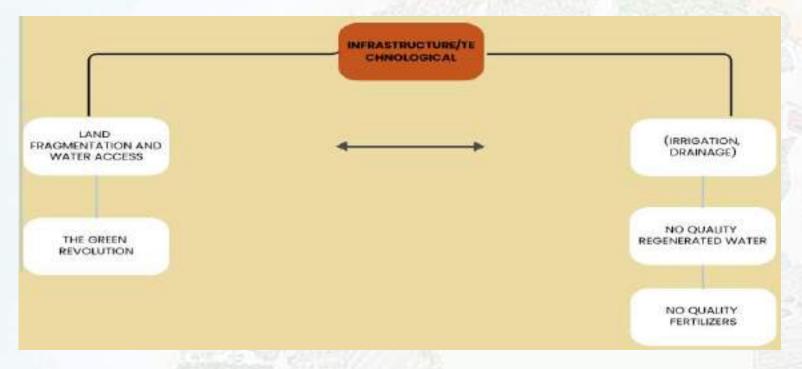
Socio-political drivers and obstacles

- Lack of political interest / awareness
- Loss of feeling / linkage (intergenerational change)
- Conflict between actors in urban agriculture



Regulatory drivers and obstacles

- Focus on the protection of pristine nature (forestry law vs. agricultural framework)
- Limited accounting of urban agriculture by urban planning (circular farming, regenerated water)



Infrastrucutre/technological drivers and obstacles

- Continous technification ("Green Revolution")
- Fragmentation of agricultural land
- Lack of access to water (in upland areas)

Concluding remark:

The principal drivers of decline and obstacles to urban agriculture are still in place.

Without tackling these, new initiatives will unlikely to unfold their potential.





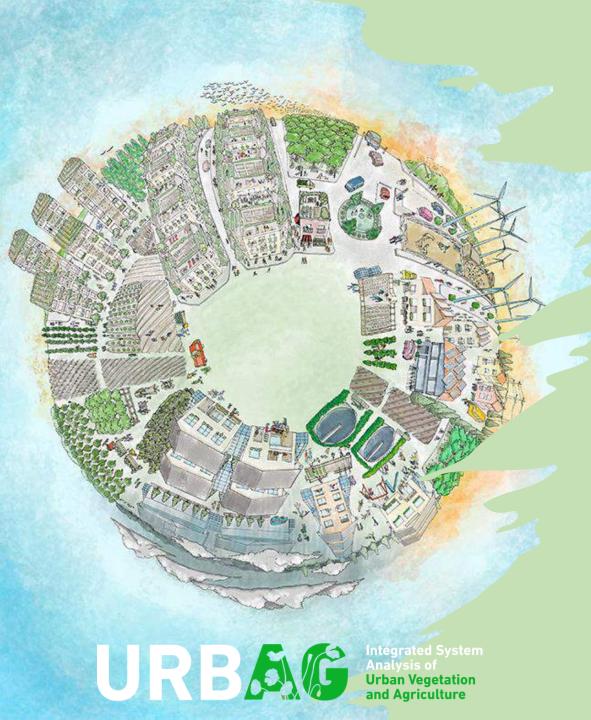
Thank you for your attention!

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The future of urban agriculture from a social and metabolic perspective

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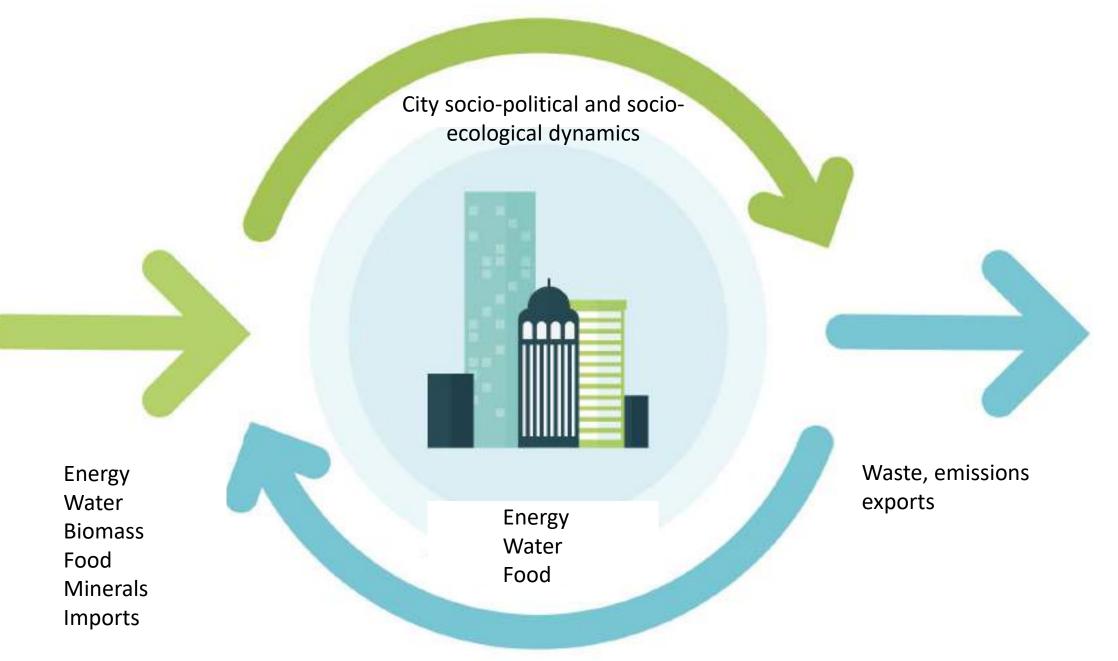
Gara Villalba 17 de març de 2023

Gara.Villalba@uab.cat https://urbag.eu/

Urban Metabolism:

sum of the technical and socio-economic process- es that occur within the cities, resulting in growth, production of energy, and elimination of waste



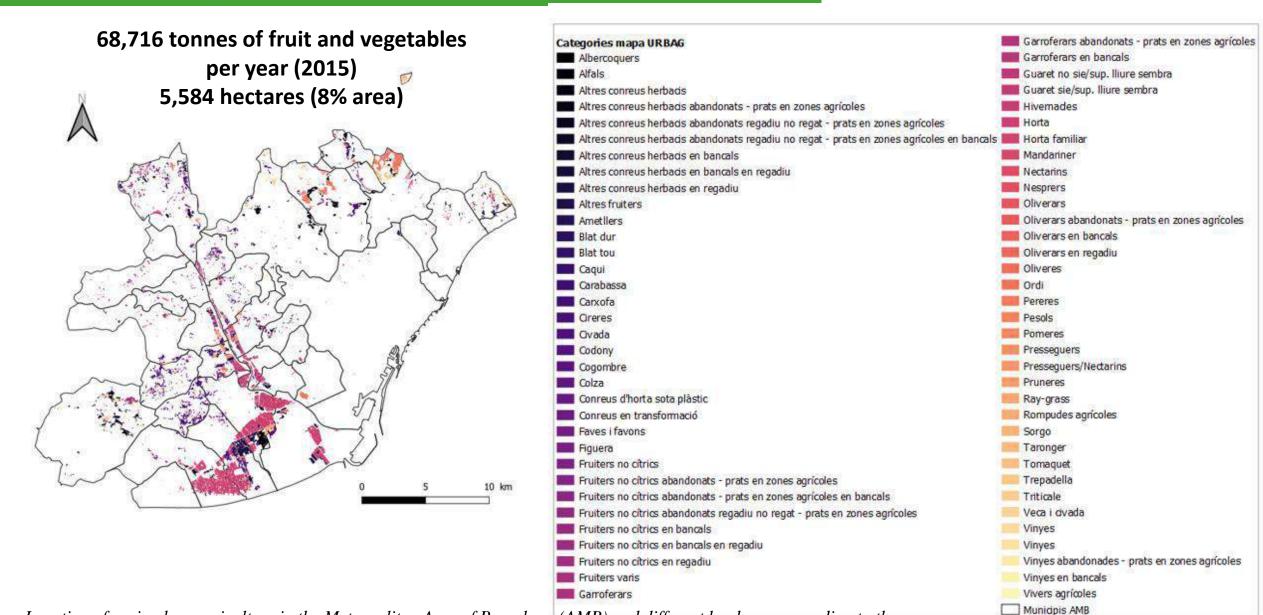


Nutrients:

What are the impacts associated to urban agriculture in terms of fertilizer use? How can circularity of nutrients in urban areas reduce impacts, both direct and indirect?



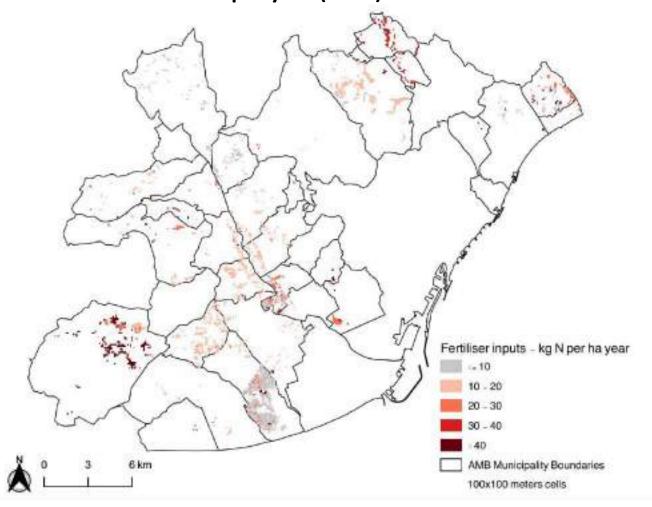
Peri-urban agriculture in the AMB



Location of peri-urban agriculture in the Metropolitan Area of Barcelona (AMB) and different land uses according to the URBAG map. Taken from: Mendoza Beltran et al., (2022)

Nutrients: peri-urban agriculture

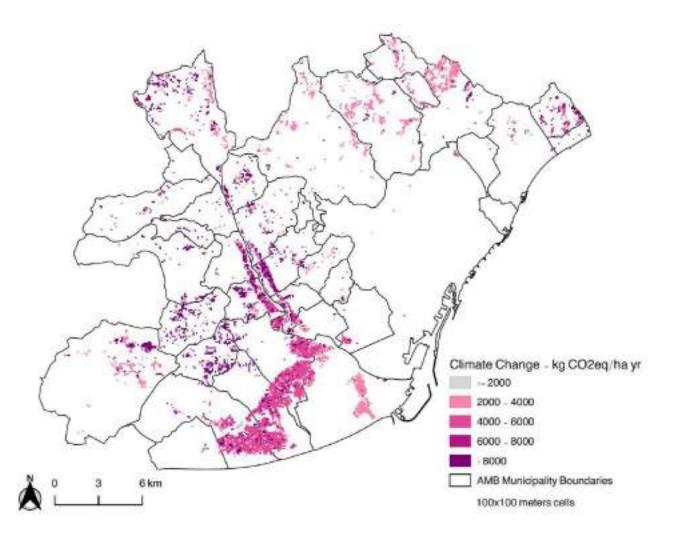
Use of fertilizers 963 tonnes of N and 152 tonnes of P per year (2015)



- -mostly from mineral fertilizer
- -less than 7% of fertilizer supply comes from compost
- -there is no recovery of nutrients from other sources

Nutrients: peri-urban agriculture

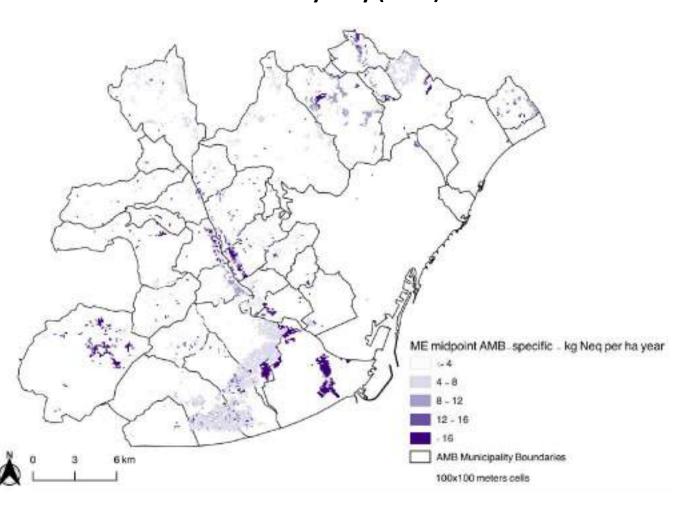
Climate change impact: 12,120 tonnes of CO2e per year (2015)



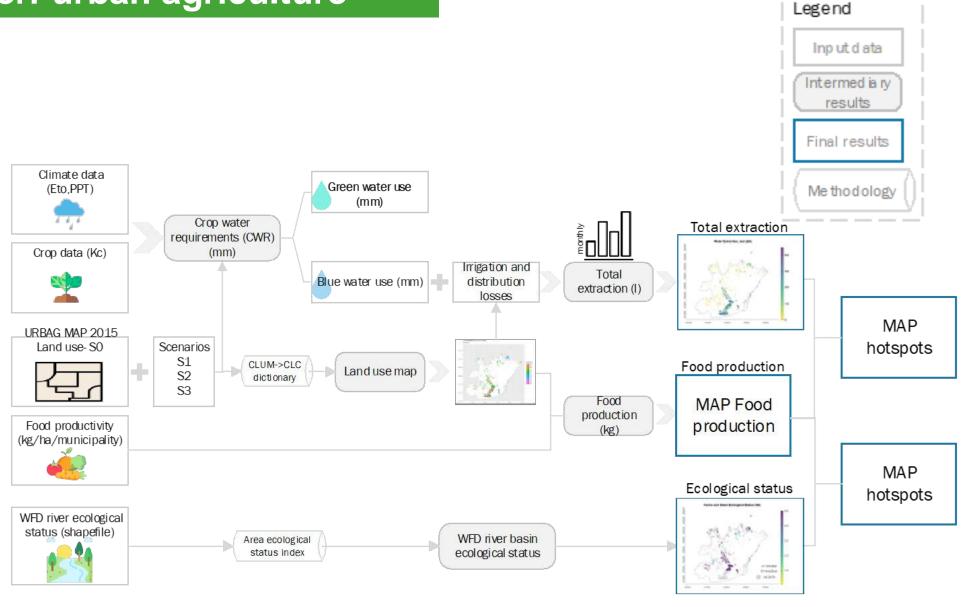
- -65% from production of mineral fertilizer
- -35% direct emissions due to fertilizer application on the soil
- -compost could reduce agriculture carbon footprint by 65% if all organic waste is composted (substituting mineral fertilizer)
- -Estruvite from WWTPs: we have 5 times de P necessary for the agriculture of the AMB. Could reduce by half the CO2e/kg P attributed to production of P.

Nutrients: peri-urban agriculture

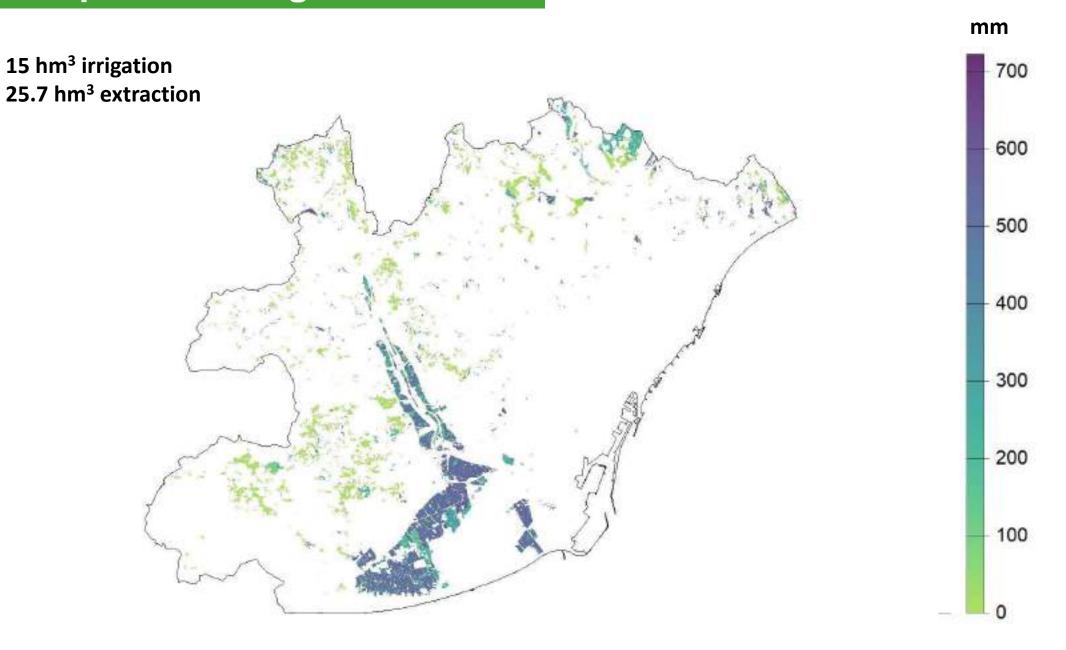
Eutrophication
Agriculture emits 48.9 tonnes of N equivalents to the sea yearly (2015)



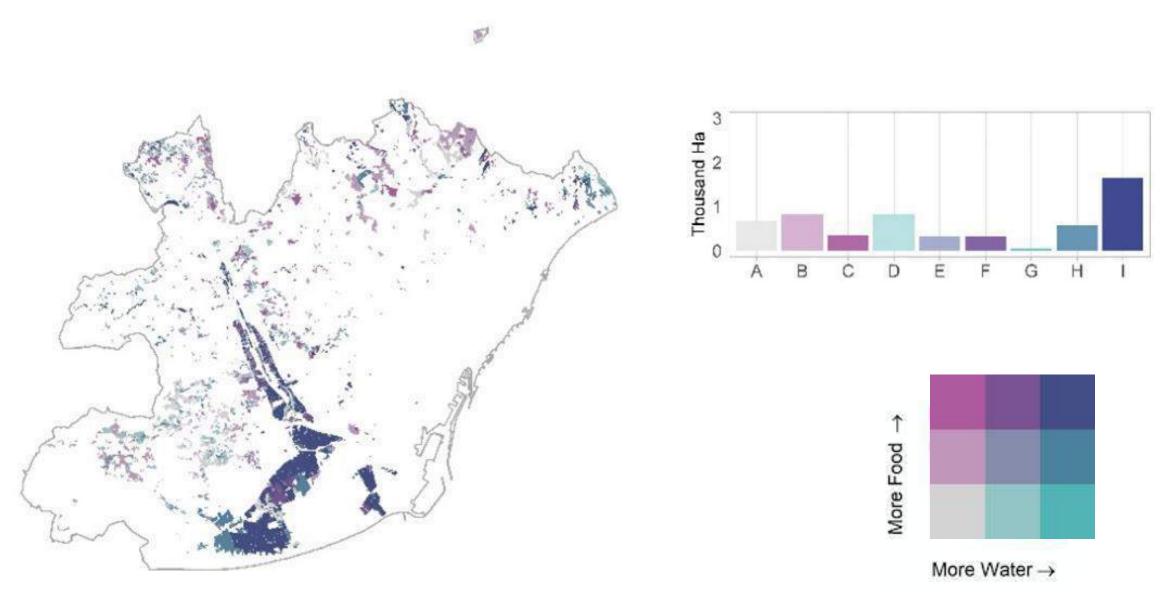
Water: peri-urban agriculture



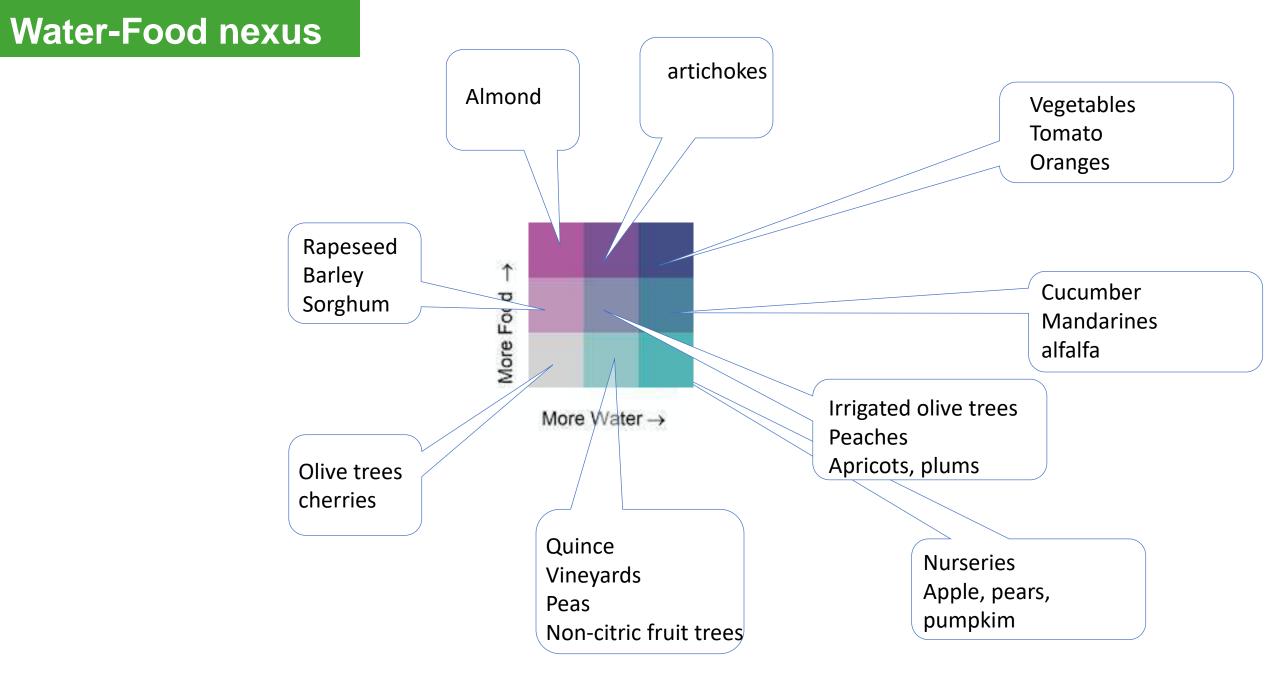
Water: peri-urban agriculture



Water-Food nexus



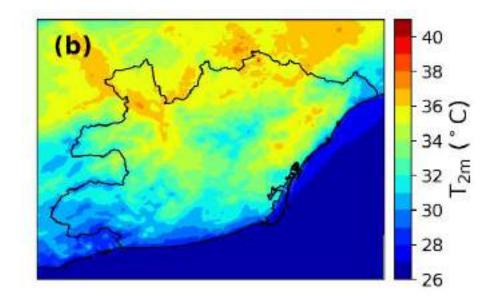
Manuscript: "A georeferenced sustainability water metabolism assessment for managing trade-offs at the nexus between water, peri-urban agriculture, and the environment" in progress.



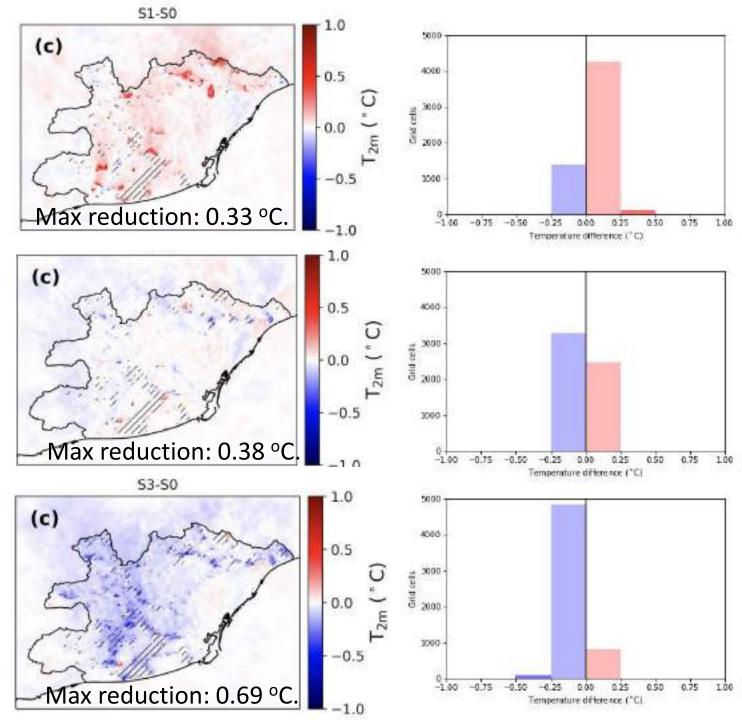
Manuscript: "A georeferenced sustainability water metabolism assessment for managing trade-offs at the nexus between water, peri-urban agriculture, and the environment" in progress.

Energy-water-agriculture

25 juny - 25 july 2015Mitjana hourly average between 13 - 16h



		Land-cover				
150		Urban*	Forest**	Agriculture	Pastures	Other***
0.0	S0.	45%	42%	8%	3%	2%
	S1.	52%	38%	6%	2%	2%
	S2.	46%	38%	12%	2%	2%
	S3.	45%	32%	20%	2%	2%



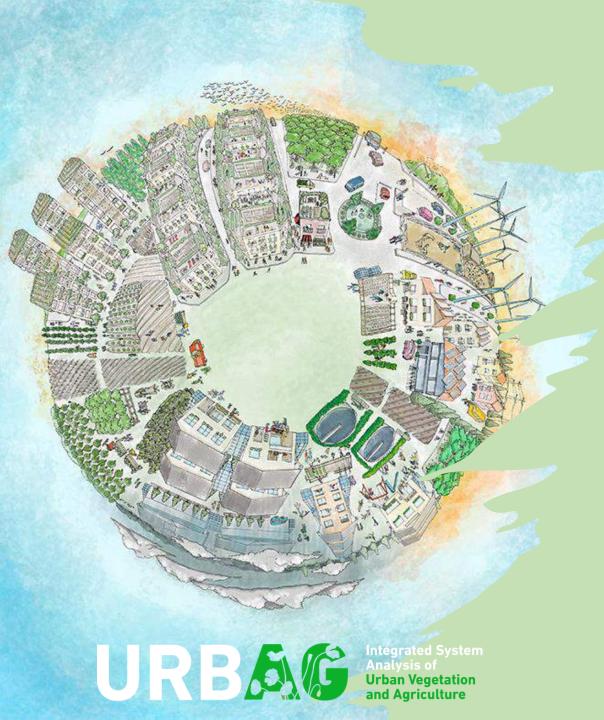




Thank you for your attention!



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Potential of nutrient recovery from organic municipal solid waste:

Application to peri-urban agriculture of the AMB

The Edible Cities Network Conference 2023

Juan Arosemena March 17th, 2023

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Context

Urban growth = Cities need to tackle:

Food demand & municipal solid waste

generation



Local resources → Urban crop production

Urban agriculture

→ Organic solid waste → Compost fertilizer

Circular strategies -> Nutrient recovery

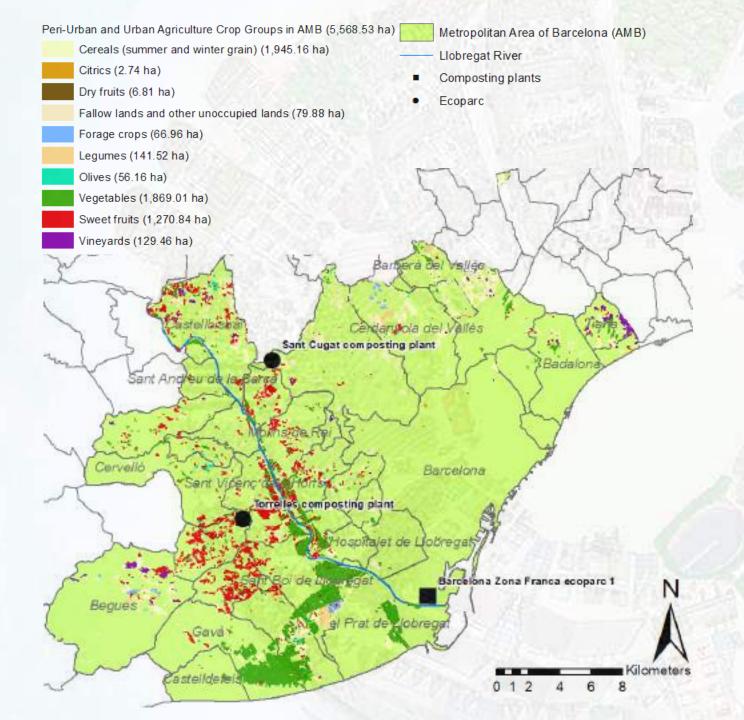


Research aim

Potential of OMSW compost to supply nutrients (N, P and K) demanded by UA in AMB?

Environmental benefits of replacing mineral fertilizer while minimizing OMSW in AMB?





Materials & methods

NPK demand?

✓ Agricultural spatial data

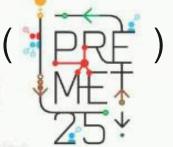
Compost NPK supply?

Centralized compostproduction reports

Materials & methods

Scenarios?

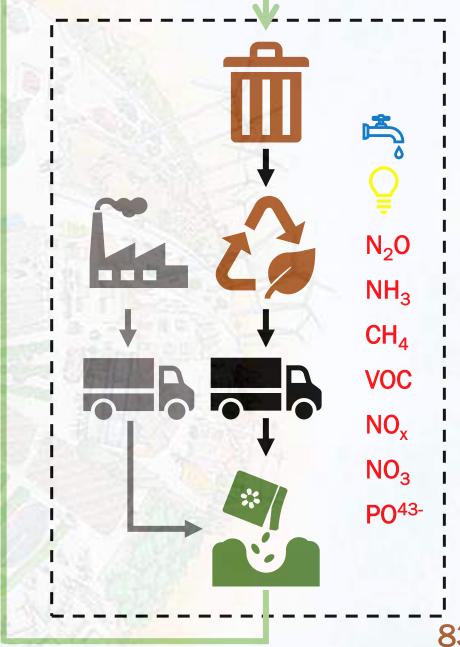
- 1. Mineral fertilizer only
- 2. + Compost supply (current)
- 3. + Compost supply (



Impacts/benefits?

✓ Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)





Results - Compost NPK supply potential

The AMB needs a **yearly total of 1,519 tonnes of NPK** – for 68,800 tonnes of fresh produce . . .

N - 769 t P - 158 t K - 592 t



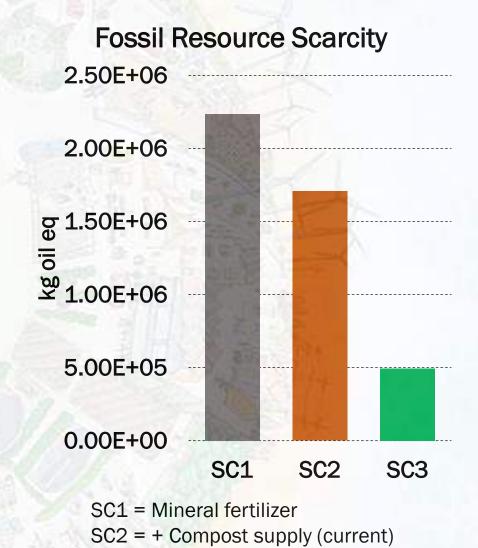
7% of the total NPK demand with current compost system

and 21% if compost production is increased



Results - Environmental assessment of scenarios

Compost scenarios outperformed the mineral fertilizer only scenario with impact decreases of up to 78% (Fossil Resource Scarcity) . . .

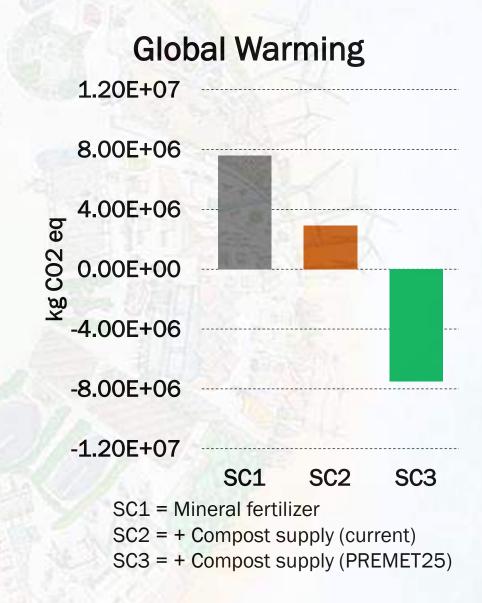


SC3 = + Compost supply (PREMET25)



Results - Environmental assessment of scenarios

equal to 9% of the total net carbon footprint of the MSW system in the AMB





What's next?

- ✓ Policy making based on a life cycle perspective
- ✓ Exploit city's benefits as nutrients circularity and synergies between UA and OMSW

Limitations or opportunities?

 Compost end-use, regulations (use of organic fertilizers), soil regeneration



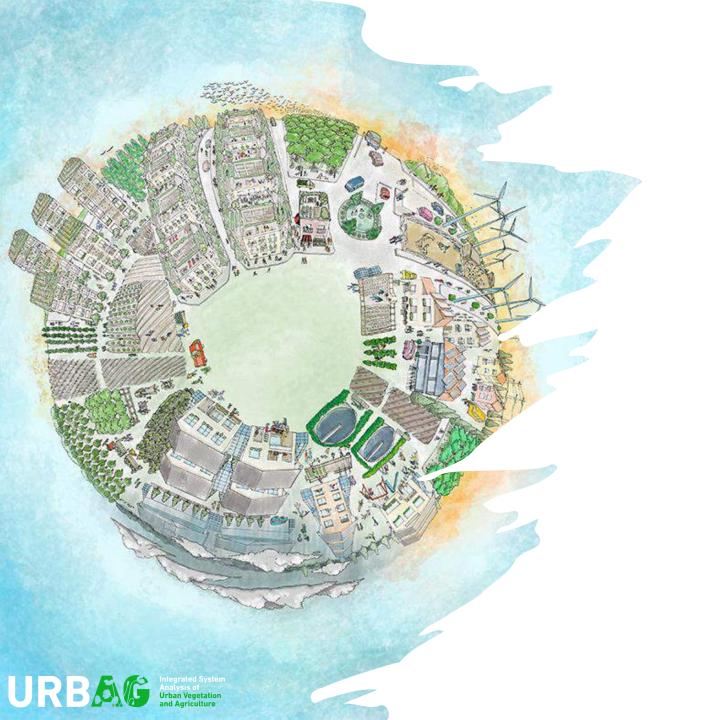




Thank you for your attention!



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Q&A



Peri-urban agriculture in the Metropolitan Area of Barcelona

Understanding its impacts through a through a vulnerability lens

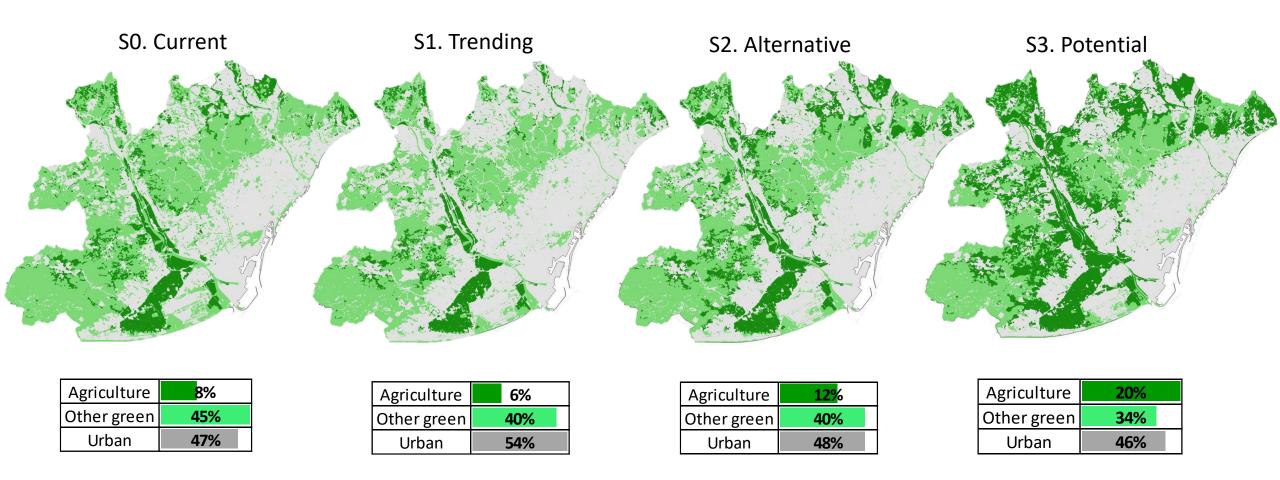
The Edible Cities Network Conference 2023
March 17th, 2023

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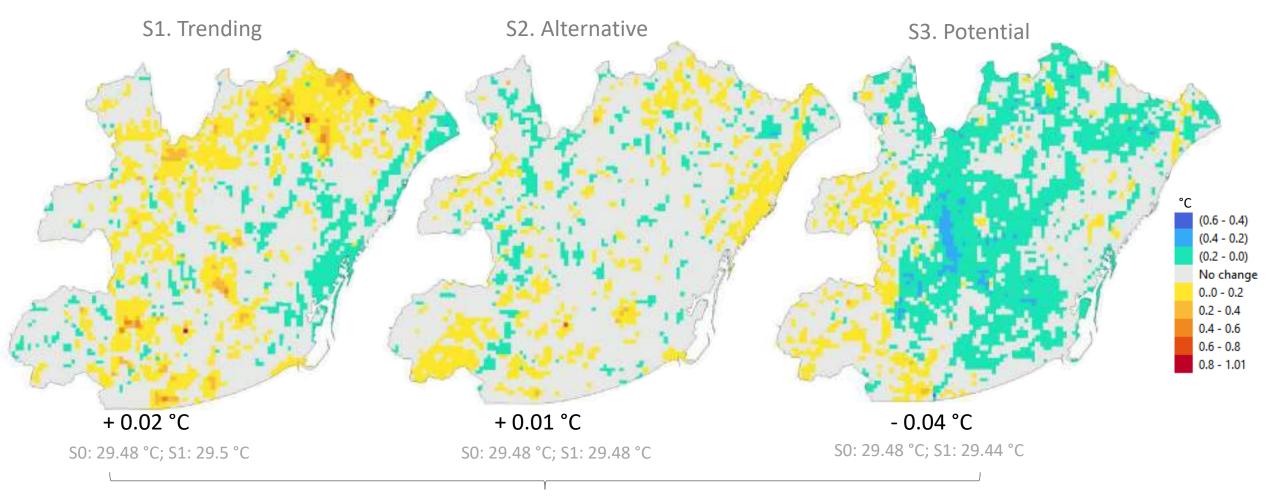
AMB scenario description





Heat conditions and exposure

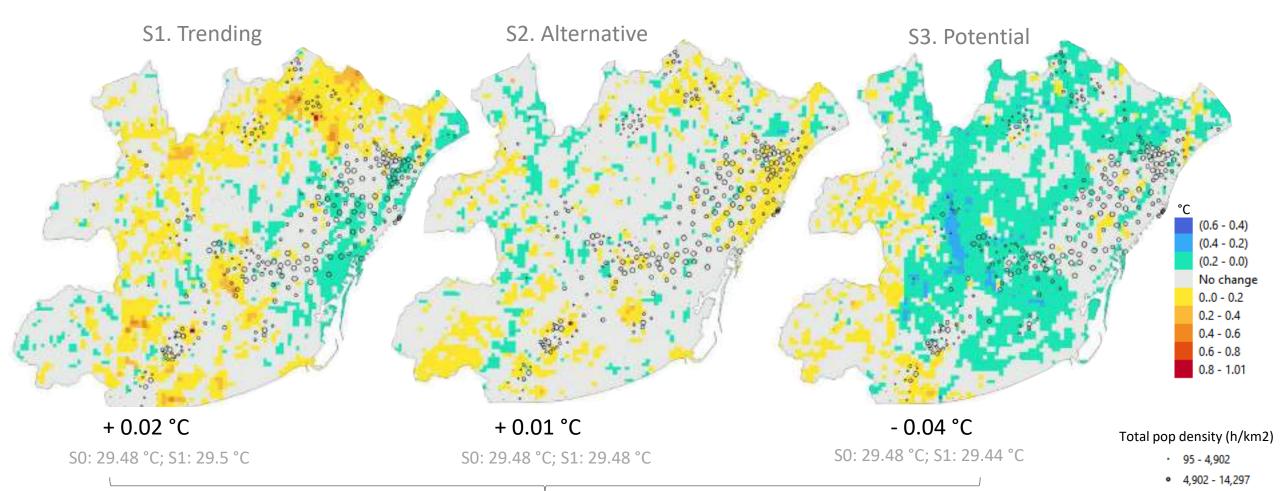
Current state VS possible future scenarios



Overall change in average temperature during heatwave (midday & night)

Heat conditions and exposure

Current state VS possible future scenarios



Change in average daily temperature (midday & night)

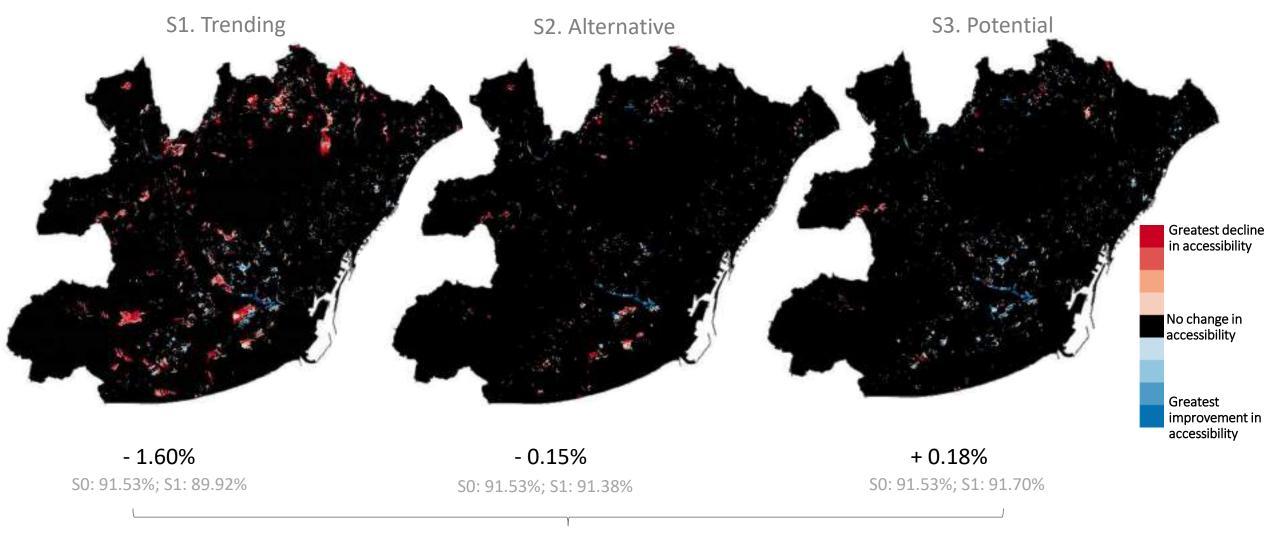
o 14,297 - 25,401

O 25,401 - 41,384

O 41,384 - 84,498

Spaces for cultural and recreational experiences

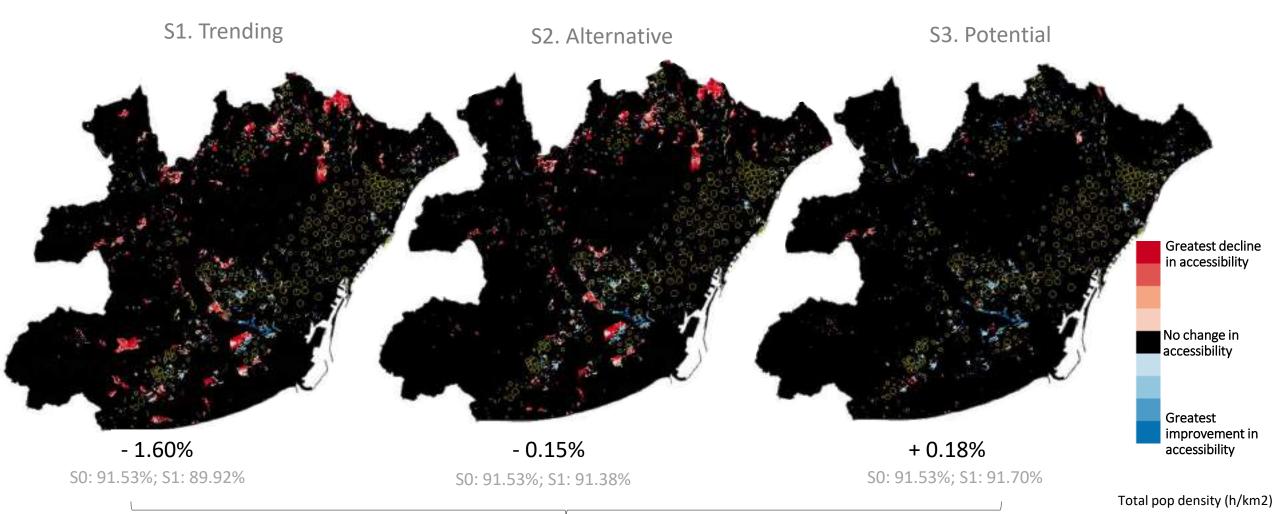
Current state VS possible future scenarios



Change in % of areas with accessibility to green spaces

Spaces for cultural and recreational experiences

Current state VS possible future scenarios



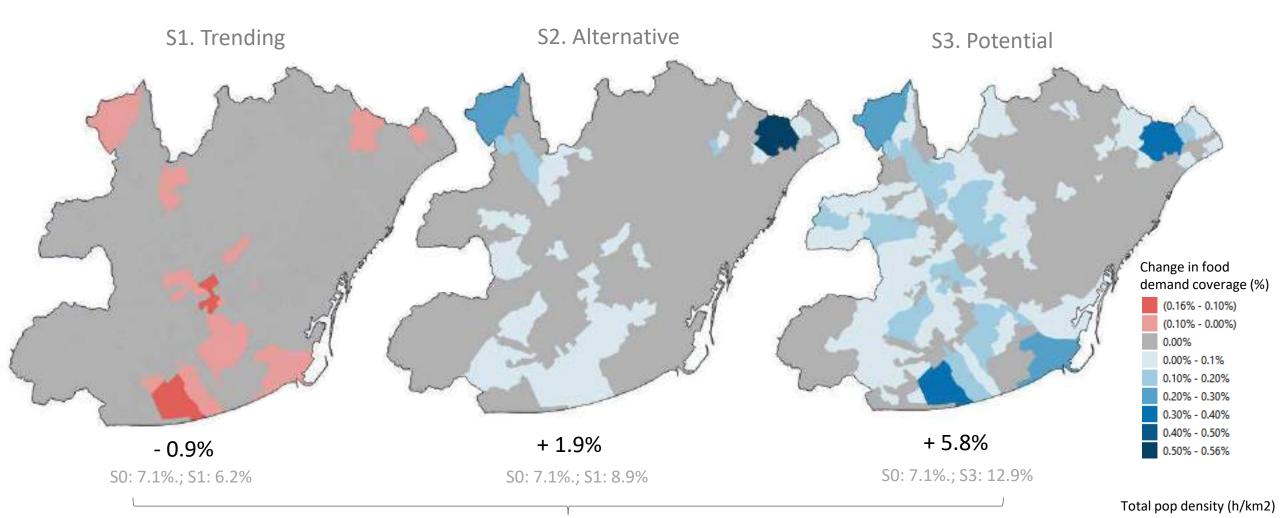
Change in % of areas with accessibility to green spaces

95 - 4,902

- 4,902 14,297
- 0 14,297 25,401
- 0 25,401 41,384
- 41,384 84,498

Food self-sufficiency (FOOD)

Current state VS possible future scenarios



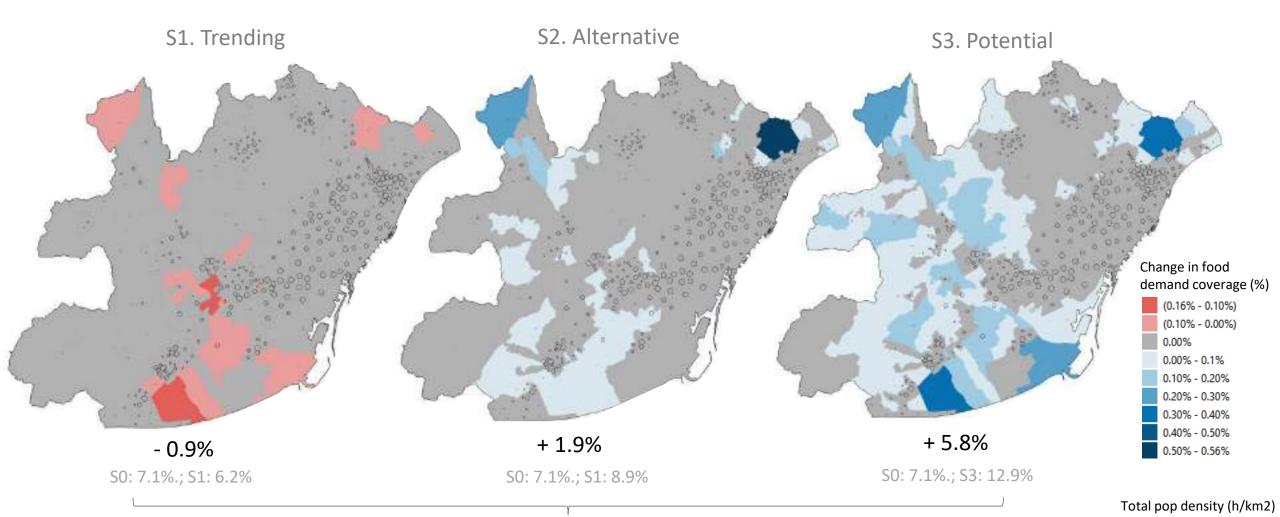
Overall change in coverage of food demand of fruits and vegetables by local production(%)

• 95 - 4,902

- 4,902 14,297
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Food self-sufficiency (FOOD)

Current state VS possible future scenarios



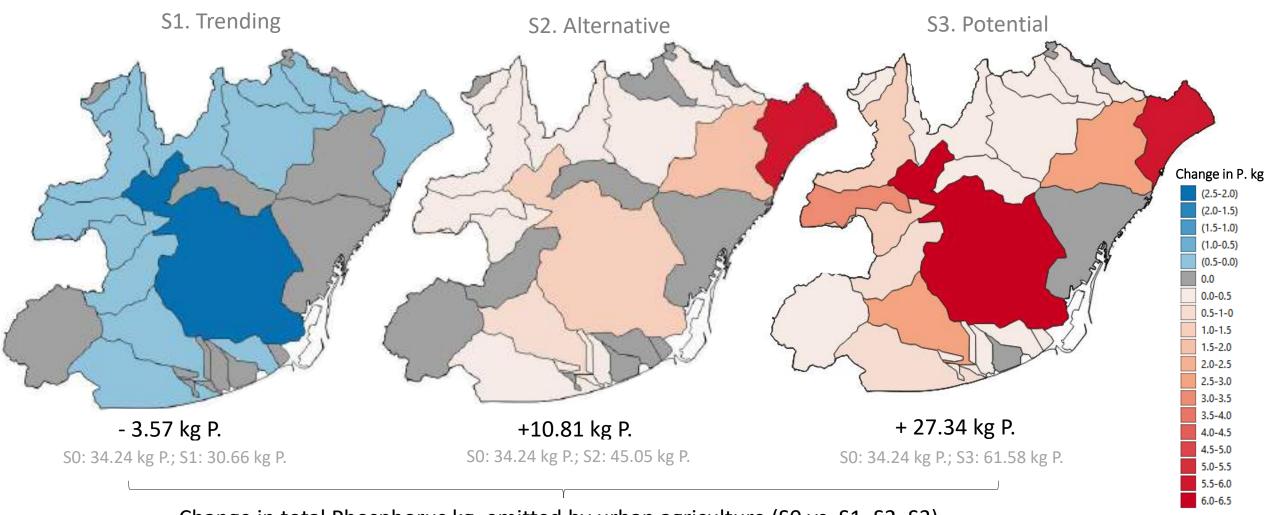
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Environmental impacts of fertilizer use

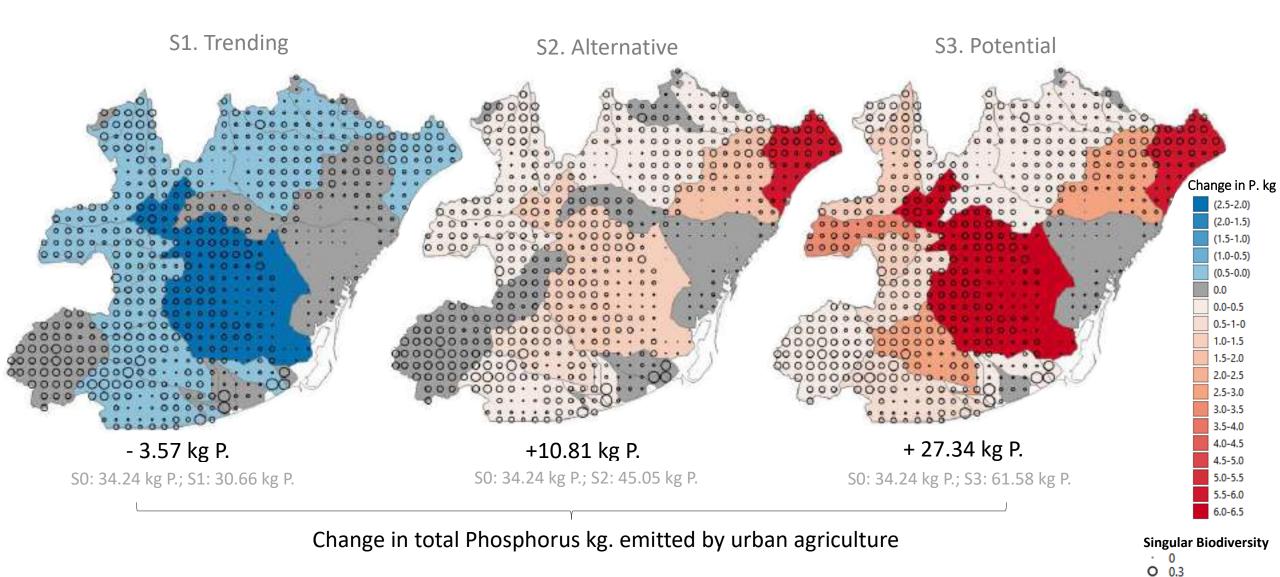
Current state VS possible future scenarios



Change in total Phosphorus kg. emitted by urban agriculture (S0 vs. S1, S2, S3)

Environmental impacts of fertilizer use

Current state VS possible future scenarios



O 0.5

Overall vulnerabilities

Heat conditions and exposure



Spaces for cultural and recreational experiences



Food self-sufficiency



Environmental impacts of fertilizer use

Overall vulnerabilities

Heat conditions and exposure



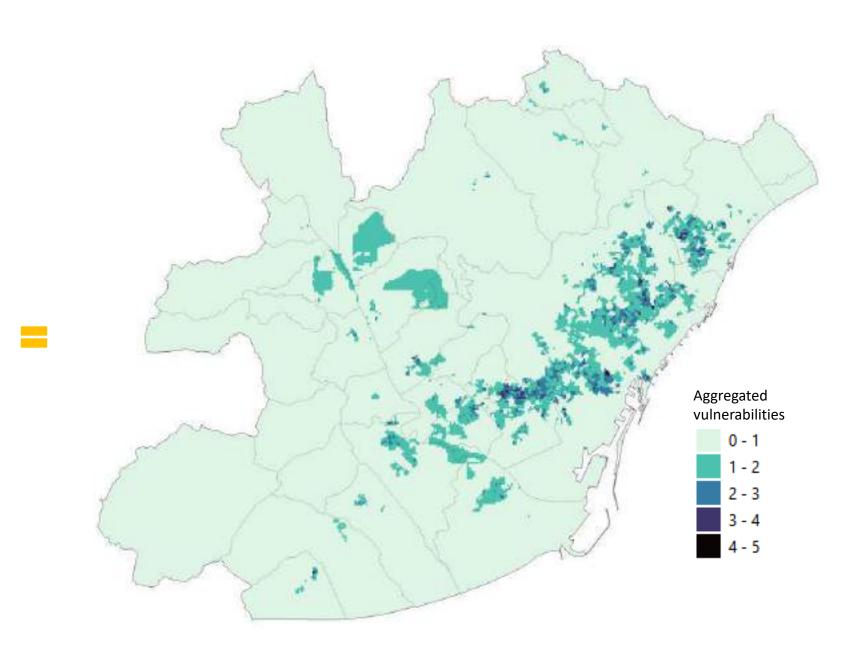
Spaces for cultural and recreational experiences



Food self-sufficiency



Environmental impacts of fertilizer use

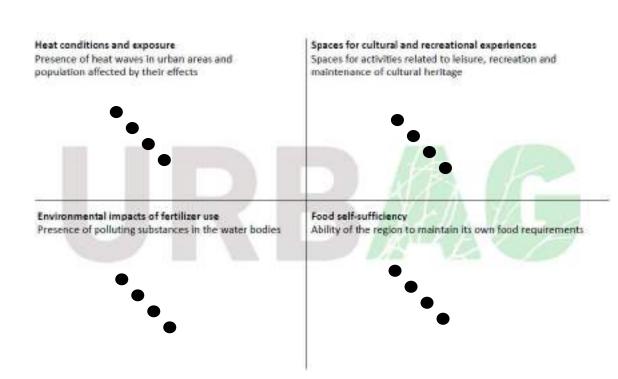




Objective: discuss and weight the relevance of each criterion when assessing the impacts of peri urban agriculture areas in the Metropolitan Area of Barcelona

How?

- 1) Split in groups of 5 people
- 2) Individually, assign pebbles among criteria (more pebbles -> more relevant the criterion)
- 3) As a group, discuss the results
- 4) Redistribute pebbles if necessary



EU Horizon2020 ERC consolidator grant (818002-URBAG): Integrated System Analysis of Urban Vegetation and Agriculture (www.urbag.eu)

Institute of Environmental Science and Technology (ICTA) Universitat Autónoma de Barcelona

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